

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NIC Industries, Inc
7050 6th St.
White City Oregon 97503
United States

Telephone: 866-774-7628
e-mail: sds@nicindustries.com
Website: www.nicindustries.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

1-800-633-8253 (USA & Canada)

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is, to the best of our knowledge, true and accurate and presented in good faith. NIC Industries, Inc. makes no warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy and adequacy of this information. Because many factors may affect processing or application/use of this product, this data is offered solely for the user's consideration, investigation and verification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or process. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ from one location to another. It is the responsibility of the buyer/user to ensure its activities comply with all local, state and federal regulations.

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Hazard class and category code(s)

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
A.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
A.4S	Skin sensitization	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
A.5	Germ cell mutagenicity	1B	Muta. 1B	H340
A.6	Carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
A.9	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

- Signal word

DANGER

- Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07, GHS08



- Hazard statements

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Precautionary statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a poison center/doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

2-oxo-N-(3,3,5-trimethyl-5-([2,4,6-trioxo-3,5-bis({1,3,3-trimethyl-5-[(2-oxoazepane-1-carbonyl)amino]cyclohexyl)methyl)-1,3,5-triazinan-1-yl)methyl}cyclohexyl)azepane-1-carboxamide, Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow, 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified

Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
Calcium carbonate	CAS No 1317-65-3 471-34-1	10 – < 25
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	CAS No 8007-18-9	5 – < 10
2-oxo-N-(3,3,5-trimethyl-5-[(2,4,6-trioxo-3,5-bis({1,3,3-trimethyl-5-[(2-oxoazepane-1-carbonyl)amino]cyclohexyl)methyl)-1,3,5-triazinan-1-yl)methyl]cyclohexyl)azepane-1-carboxamide	CAS No 68975-83-7	5 – < 10
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	CAS No 2451-62-9	1 – < 5
Titanium dioxide	CAS No 13463-67-7	1 – < 5
Bismuth vanadium tetraoxide	CAS No 14059-33-7	1 – < 5
Quartz (SiO ₂)	CAS No 14808-60-7	0 – < 0.1

Remarks

** Trade Secret: In accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(i) and in accordance with the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), the specific identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld as a "Trade Secret"

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water, Foam, Dry extinguishing powder, ABC-powder

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Deposited combustible dust has considerable explosion potential.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains. Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically. Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Specific notes/details

Dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room. The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres
Removal of dust deposits.
- Ventilation requirements
Use local and general ventilation.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of substance	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m ³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m ³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m ³]	Notation	Source
US	Calcium carbonate1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trioneTitanium dioxideBismuth vanadium tetraoxide	REL							appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	Calcium carbonate1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trioneTitanium dioxideBismuth vanadium tetraoxide	PEL		15					dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Calcium carbonate1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trioneTitanium dioxideBismuth vanadium tetraoxide	PEL	1,765						partml, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Calcium carbonate1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trioneTitanium dioxideBismuth vanadium tetraoxide	PEL	529.5						partml, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Calcium carbonate1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-	PEL		5					r	29 CFR 1910.1000

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

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	2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trioneTitanium dioxideBismuth vanadium tetraoxide									
US	Calcium carbonate1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trioneTitanium dioxideBismuth vanadium tetraoxide	PEL (CA)		10					dust	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Calcium carbonate1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trioneTitanium dioxideBismuth vanadium tetraoxide	PEL (CA)		5					r	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Calcium carbonate	PEL		15					dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Calcium carbonate	REL		10 (10 h)					natural	NIOSH REL
US	Calcium carbonate	PEL		5					r	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Calcium carbonate	REL		5 (10 h)					r, natural	NIOSH REL
US	Calcium carbonate	REL		10 (10 h)						NIOSH REL
US	Calcium carbonate	REL		5 (10 h)					r	NIOSH REL
US	Titanium dioxide	PEL		15					dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Titanium dioxide	REL							lowest, appx-A	NIOSH REL
US	Titanium dioxide	TLV®		2.5					r, fine	ACGIH® 2025
US	Titanium dioxide	TLV®		0.2					r, nano	ACGIH® 2025
US	Quartz (SiO ₂)	PEL (CA)		0.05					r, dust	Cal/OSHA PEL
US	Quartz (SiO ₂)	PEL		0.098					eq1a, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Quartz (SiO ₂)	PEL		0.294					eq2a,	29 CFR

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Country	Name of substance	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Notation	Source
									dust	1910.1000
US	Quartz (SiO ₂)	PEL	84.05						eq-ph1a, partml, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Quartz (SiO ₂)	TLV®		0.025					r	ACGIH® 2025
US	Quartz (SiO ₂)	PEL		0.05					r, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	Quartz (SiO ₂)	REL		0.05 (10 h)					r, dust, appx-A	NIOSH REL
US	1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	PEL (CA)		0.005						Cal/OSHA PEL
US	1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	TLV®		0.05						ACGIH® 2025
US	Calcium carbonate	REL		5 (10 h)					r, synthetic	NIOSH REL
US	Calcium carbonate	REL		10 (10 h)					synthetic	NIOSH REL

Notation

appx-A	NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen (Appendix A)
appx-D	see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs
Ceiling-C	ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
dust	as dust
eq-ph1a	$mppcf = 250 / (\%SiO_2 + 5)$
eq1a	$mg/m^3 = 10 / (\%SiO_2 + 2)$
eq2a	$mg/m^3 = 30 / (\%SiO_2 + 2)$
fine	fineparticle
lowest	exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible
nano	nanoparticle
natural	natural
partml	particles/ml
r	respirable fraction
STEL	short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
synthetic	synthetic
TWA	time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Exhaust ventilation. General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear protective gloves.

- Other protection measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

Particulate filter device (EN 143).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Solid
Color	Characteristic
Particle size	Not available
Odor	Characteristic

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined
Flash point	Not determined
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Explosion limits of dust clouds	Not determined
Vapor density	Not available
Relative density	Not available
Solubility(ies)	Not determined

Partition coefficient

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined
Decomposition temperature	Not relevant

Viscosity Not relevant (solid matter)

- Kinematic viscosity	Not relevant
Explosive properties	None
Oxidizing properties	None

Hazard classes acc. to GHS (Physical hazards): Not relevant

9.2	Other information	There is no additional information
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Moisture.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

The product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers. Alcohols.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and silicon oxides may be produced from all coating formulations. Chlorine-containing gases, fluorine-containing gases may be produced in products containing p-chlorobenzotrifluoride. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)
Inhalation: vapor 1 mg_I/4h

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3 471-34-1	Oral	>2,000 mg/kg
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3 471-34-1	Dermal	>2,000 mg/kg
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3 471-34-1	Inhalation: dust/mist	>3 mg _I /4h
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	8007-18-9	Oral	>2,000 mg/kg
2-oxo-N-(3,3,5-trimethyl-5-[(2,4,6-trioxo-3,5-bis({1,3,3-trimethyl-5-[(2-oxoazepane-1-carbonyl)amino]cyclohexyl)methyl)-1,3,5-triazinan-1-yl]methyl}cyclohexyl)azepane-1-carboxamide	68975-83-7	Inhalation: vapor	0.05 mg _I /4h
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	2451-62-9	Oral	>400 mg/kg
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	2451-62-9	Dermal	>2,000 mg/kg
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	2451-62-9	Inhalation: dust/mist	1.14 mg _I /4h
Bismuth vanadium tetraoxide	14059-33-7	Inhalation: dust/mist	>5.15 mg _I /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	Classification	Number
Titanium dioxide	2B	
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	1	
Quartz (SiO ₂)	1	

Legend

- 1 Carcinogenic to humans
2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product/packaging disposal

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material and its packaging.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Follow all local, state, and Federal disposal regulations.

Hazardous waste code(s)

The waste code(s) should be assigned in discussion between the user and the waste disposal company.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not relevant
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	none
14.4	Packing group	not assigned
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

14.6 Remarks

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

All ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

Please contact sds@nicindustries.com for more information.

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Please contact sds@nicindustries.com for more information.

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings

Name of substance	Effective date
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	12/31/2022
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	12/31/1986
Bismuth vanadium tetraoxide	12/31/1999

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Please contact sds@nicindustries.com for more information.

Clean Air Act

Please contact sds@nicindustries.com for more information.

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	PBT / HHS / LHS	De Minimis Concentration Threshold
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione		1.0 %
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow		0.1 %

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Name of substance	PBT / HHS / LHS	De Minimis Concentration Threshold
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow		0.1 %
Quartz (SiO ₂)		1.0 %
Bismuth vanadium tetraoxide		1.0 %

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	References
Titanium dioxide	A
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	A, N, O
Calcium carbonate	A

Legend

- A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
- N National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer
- O Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	Classifications
Titanium dioxide	
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-(1H,3H,5H)-trione	
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	
Quartz (SiO ₂)	CA
Bismuth vanadium tetraoxide	
Calcium carbonate	

Legend

- CA Carcinogenic

- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name of substance	Classification
Titanium dioxide	
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	*, E
Calcium carbonate	

Legend

- * Any compound of this substance is also an environmental hazard
- E Environmental hazard

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	References
Titanium dioxide	T
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	T
Quartz (SiO ₂)	T
Quartz (SiO ₂)	T
Calcium carbonate	T
Calcium carbonate	T
Calcium carbonate	T

Legend

T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals

Name of substance	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
Titanium dioxide	airborne, unbound particles of respirable size	cancer
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow		cancer
Quartz (SiO ₂)	airborne particles of respirable size	cancer

VOC content

0.0 g/L

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	All ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	All ingredients are listed
CA	NDSL	Not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	All ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	All ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	Not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	Not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	Not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	All ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	Not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	All ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	All ingredients are listed

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 10/08/2025

Country	Inventory	Status
TR	CICR	Not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	All ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	All ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NDSL	Non-domestic Substances List (NDSL)
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2025	From ACGIH®, 2025 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2025. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations

Prismatic Powders PSB-2173 Deep Mandarin

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LHS	Lower hazard substance
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).

Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.