

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

# Cerakote Headlight Step 1: Oxidation Remover

Version number: 3.0 Revision: 03/10/2022

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

**Cerakote Headlight Step 1: Oxidation Remover** 

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Consumer use (private households)
Automotive Restoration

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NIC Industries, Inc 7050 6th St. White City Oregon 97503 United States

Telephone: 866-774-7628 e-mail: sds@nicindustries.com Website: www.nicindustries.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

1-800-633-8253 (USA & Canada) or 001-1-801-629-0667 (International)

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is, to the best of our knowledge, true and accurate and presented in good faith. NIC Industries, Inc. makes no warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy and adequacy of this information. Because many factors may affect processing or application/use of this product, this data is offered solely for the user's consideration, investigation and verification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or process. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ from one location to another. It is the responsibility of the buyer/user to ensure its activities comply with all local, state and federal regulations.

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
A.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
A.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
A.8	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	2	STOT SE 2	H371
B.6	Flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.



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#### 2.2 **Label elements**

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word **WARNING** 

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08







#### - Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H371 May cause damage to organs.

#### - Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P270 P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P303+P361+P353 P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If exposed or concerned: Call a poison center/doctor. P308+P311

Specific treatment (see on this label). P321

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P403+P235

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling Methanol

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### **Substances** 3.1

Not relevant (mixture)

#### **Mixtures** 3.2



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#### Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	
Propylene Glycol	CAS No 57-55-6	≥ 90	
Methanol	CAS No 67-56-1	1-<4	
Alkyl Cleaning Agent	CAS No Trade Secret	1 – < 4	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Trade Secret: In accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200(i) and in accordance with the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), the specific identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld as a "Trade Secret."

#### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.



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### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry sand

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder.

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.



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#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
US	Methanol	67-56-1	TLV®	200		250				Н	ACGIH® 2022
US	Methanol	67-56-1	REL	200 (10 h)	260 (10 h)	250	325				NIOSH REL
US	Methanol	67-56-1	PEL	200	260						29 CFR 1910.100 0



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#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of sub- stance	CAS No	ldenti- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Source
US	Methanol	67-56-1	PEL (CA)	200	260	250	325	1,000		Cal/ OSHA PEL

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

H absorbed through the skin

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (un-

less otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

#### Biological limit values

Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source
US	Methanol	Methanol		BEI®	15 mg/l	ACGIH® 2022

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/ impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.



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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	Moistened towelette
Color	White
Particle	Not relevant (liquid)
Odor	None

### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	64.7 °C
Flash point	58 °C
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not relevant

#### **Explosive limits**

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	5.5 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	55 vol%
Vapor pressure	169.3 hPa at 25 °C
Density	Not determined
Relative density	Not determined
Solubility(ies)	Not determined

#### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	Not determined
11 octation water (log Now)	1100 acterrimiea



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Auto-ignition temperature	>400 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Viscosity	Not determined
Explosive properties	None
Oxidizing properties	None

#### 9.2 Other information

Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment:
	300°C)

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.



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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if swallowed.

#### Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Methanol	67-56-1	Oral	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Methanol	67-56-1	Dermal	300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Methanol	67-56-1	Inhalation: vapor	3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub> /4h
Alkyl Cleaning Agent	Trade Secret	Oral	1,844 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause damage to organs.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.



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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Biodegradation

The relevant substances of the mixture are readily biodegradable.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### **Remarks**

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.



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#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number

DOT UN 1263 IMDG-Code UN 1263 ICAO-TI UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

DOT Paint related material

IMDG-Code PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

ICAO-TI Paint related material

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT 3
IMDG-Code 3
ICAO-TI 3

14.4 Packing group

DOT III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III

**14.5 Environmental hazards** non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1263, Paint related material, 3, III

Reportable quantity (RQ) 80,000 lbs (36,320 kg) (Methanol) (Alkyl Cleaning Agent)

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) 367, B1, B52, B131, IB3, T2, TP1, TP29

ERG No 128



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#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) 163, 223, 367, 955

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L
EmS F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Stowage category A

#### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP) A3, A72, A192

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 10 L

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)**All ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

None of the ingredients are listed.

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Effective date
Methanol	67-56-1		12/31/1986



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#### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
Alkyl Cleaning Agent		1	1000 (454)
Methanol		3 4	5000 (2270)

#### Legend

"1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

3 "3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act

"4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

#### **Clean Air Act**

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
Methanol	67-56-1		CA TACs NTP OHAT - Repr. or Dev. Toxicants OEHHA RELs Prop 65

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Threshold	De Minimis Concentra- tion Threshold
Alkyl Cleaning Agent				1.0 %
Methanol				1.0 %

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	I	
Methanol	67-56-1	A, N, O	skin

#### Legend

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH

American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA), "Workplace Environmental Exposure Level Guides" (1992), available from AIHA

American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA), "Workplace Environmental Exposure Level Guides" (1992), available from AIHA
National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards,"
August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division

skin If a potential for absorption from skin contact merits special consideration, the word "skin" follows the substance name.



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#### - Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	Remarks	Classifications
Propylene Glycol		
Alkyl Cleaning Agent		F4 R2
Methanol		TE F3

Legend

F3 Flammable - Third Degree F4 Flammable - Fourth Degree R2 Reactive - Second Degree TE Teratogenic

#### - Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name of substance	Classification
Propylene Glycol	
Alkyl Cleaning Agent	E
Methanol	E

Legend

E Environmental hazard

#### - Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	F
Methanol	67-56-1	T, F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)
T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
Methanol	67-56-1		developmental

#### **VOC** content

All Cerakote coatings are VOC compliant under the EPA and have low to no VOC content. To find out the VOC content of an individual coating please contact sds@nicindustries.com for more information.



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# Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

#### **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of haz- ard	Description
Flammability	2	Material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur
Health	2	Material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	2	Material that readily undergos violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures
Special hazard	₩	Material that can form potentially explosive mixtures with water

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AICS	All ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	All ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	All ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	All ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	All ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	All ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	All ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	All ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	All ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	All ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	All ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	All ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	All ingredients are listed

Legend

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation AICS CICR

**CSCL-ENCS** List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

**ECSI** 

**IECSC** 

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals INSQ KECI New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC

Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) **PICCS** 



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Legend

REACH registered substances

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

#### SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2022	From ACGIH®, 2022 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2022. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code



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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LHS	Lower hazard substance
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H371	May cause damage to organs.